CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS



CCC motto-"WE CAN TAKE IT"



FDR asks for passage of the legislation

More important, however than the material gains(conservation of natural resources) will be the moral and spiritual value of such work. The overwhelming majority of unemployed Americans, who are now walking the streets... would infinitely prefer to work. We can take a vast army of these unemployed out into healthful surroundings. We can eliminate to some extent at least the threat that enforced idleness brings to spiritual and moral stability.

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION ACT

FDR SIGNED INTO LAW MARCH 31,1933

HENRY RICH FROM ALEXANDRIA WAS FIRST ENROLLEE – APRIL 7

GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

AGRICULTURE, INTERIOR, LABOR, WAR

DIRECTOR ROBERT FECHNER

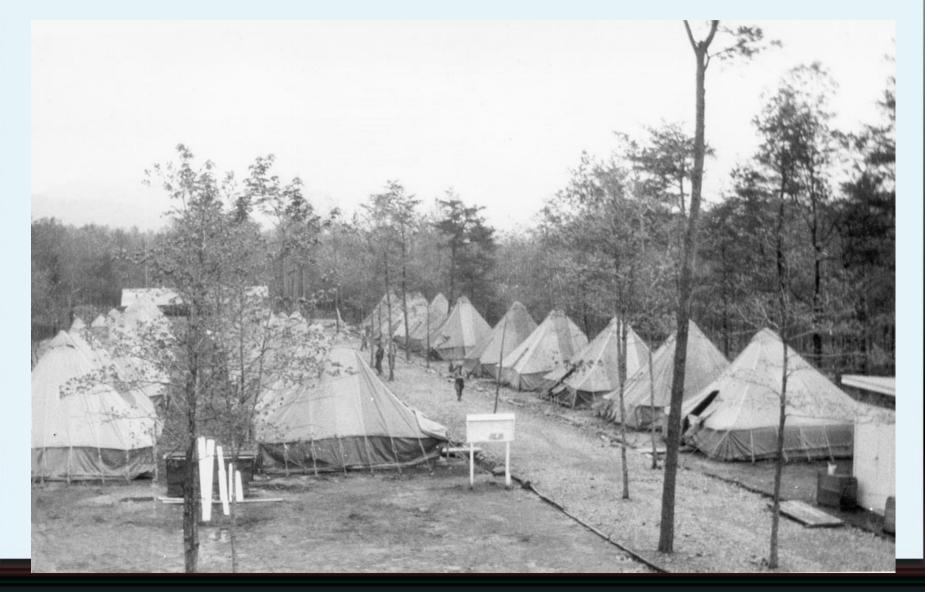
Robert Fechner inspecting CCC camp at Rock Creek Park



QUARTERMASTERS outfit the CCC men

SUPPLY TRUCKS, TOOTHBRUSHES, UNIFORMS, C - RATIONS, etc.

CCC TENT CITIES Camp Roosevelt





CCC man in military uniform



NATIONWIDE

CAMPS IN EVERY STATE and HAWAII, ALASKA AND PUERTO RICO

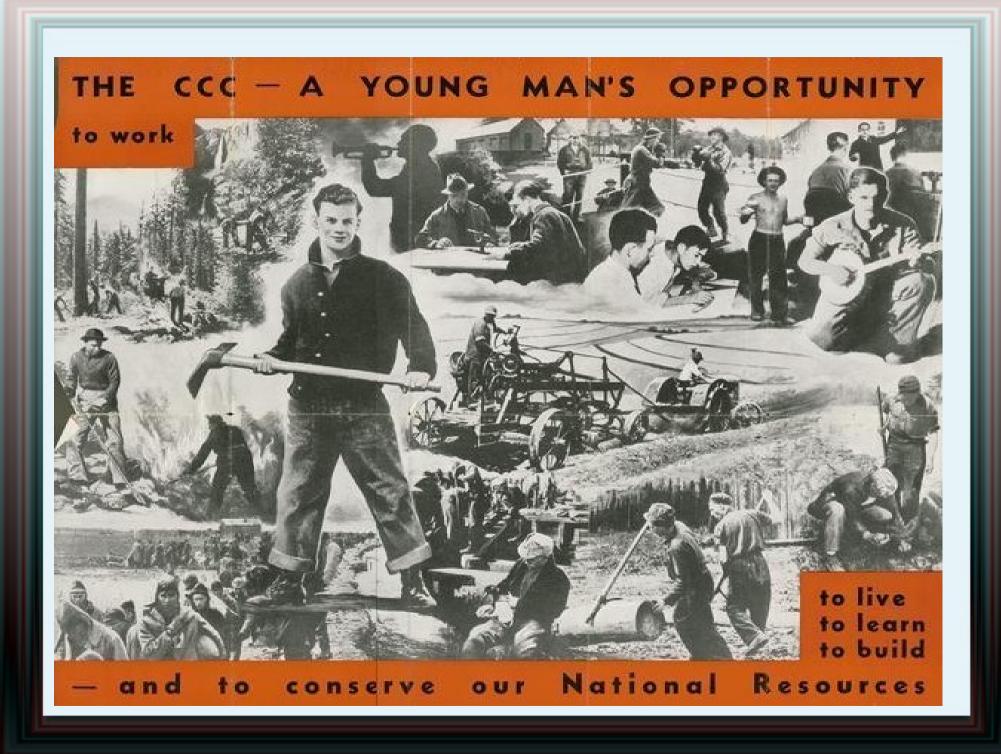
AUGUST 1933, CCC GAINS PERMANENCY 1,433 CAMPS

Receiving orders



CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS





MINORITIES IN THE CCC

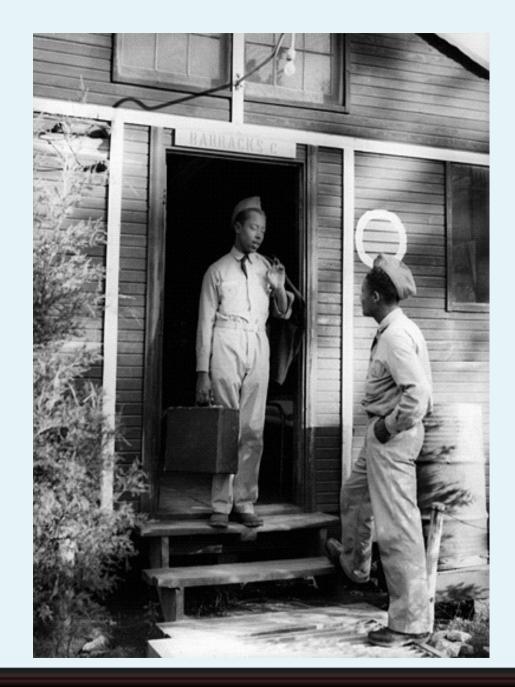
AFRICAN AMERICANS, NATIVE AMERICANS, WOMEN

AFRICAN AMERICANS

250,000 ENROLLED

BY 1935, CCC CAMPS WERE SEGREGATED

QUOTA: NO MORE THAN TEN PER CENT OF ENROLLEES COULD BE BLACK



Historic Restoration

African Americans in CCC Rebuilt earthworks at the Yorktown Battlefield in Virginia





NATIVE AMERICAN INDIANS

85,000 ENROLLED

ALASKA REQUIRED THAT 50% OF THE ENROLLEES MUST BE NATIVES

Totem Bight Community House

Ketchikan vicinity, Alaska Constructed by early aboriginals in 1800

Restored by CCC Native Americans 1938



WOMEN – "SHE SHE SHE" CAMPS

8,500 WOMEN BENEFITTED PROGRAM ENDED IN 1937





LEMs – LOCALLY EXPERIENCED MEN FIRST SUMMER- 35,000 ENROLL

VETERANS FROM SPANISH AMERICAN WAR AND WORLD WAR I

BY END OF CCC, 225,000 VETERANS HAD ENROLLED

WORK PROJECTS

Conservation,

Reforestation,

Fire prevention and control,

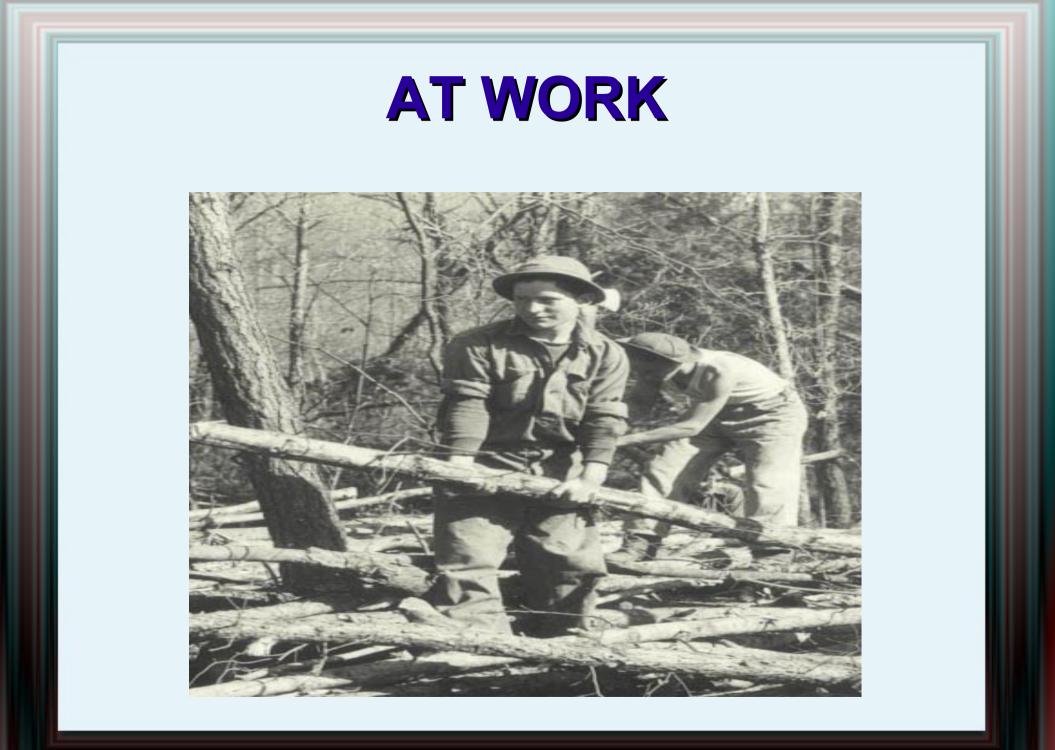
Parks and campgrounds construction,

Historic property restoration,

Disaster relief

CCC MEN and HARD LABOR

EIGHT HOURS OF PHYSICAL LABOR EACH DAY

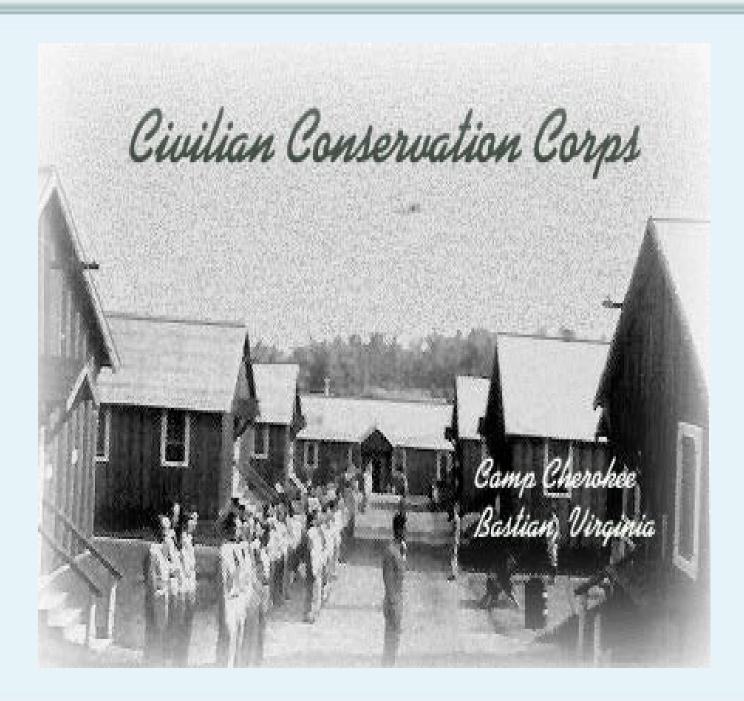


WE CAN DO IT! "COLOSSAL COLLEGE OF CALLUSES"

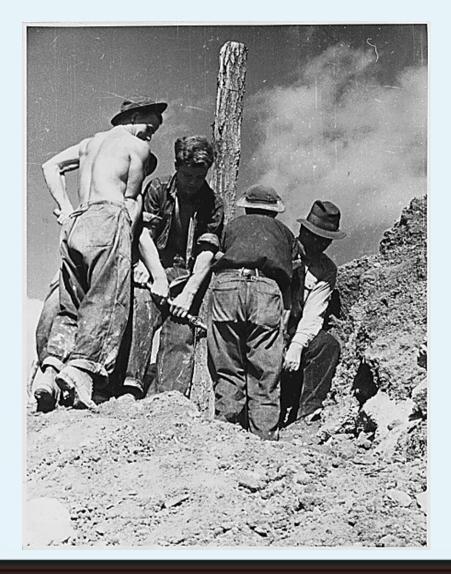


TYPICAL DAY

6AM REVEILLE 6:30 AM BREAKFAST 7:15 AM WORK THIRTY MINUTE LUNCH 4:00 PM RETURN TO CAMP 5:00 PM RETREAT CEREMONY DINNER 10:00 PM LIGHTS OUT



CCC men at work

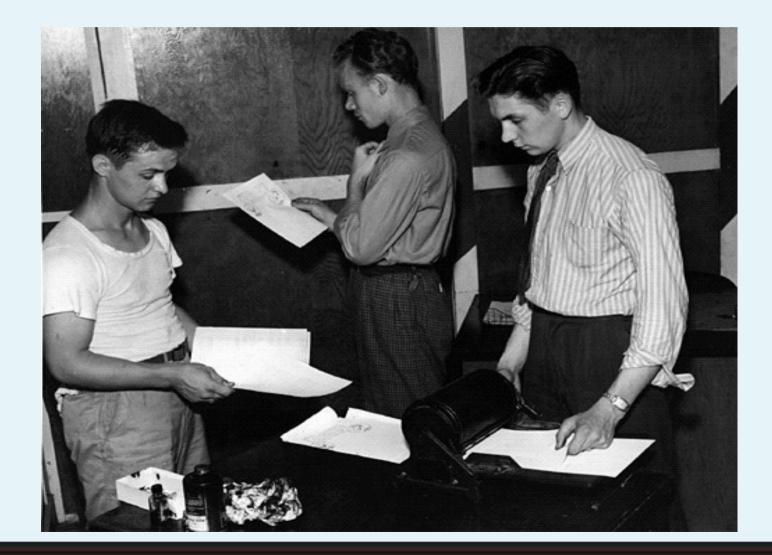


Prince George, Virginia

AFTER HOURS

THREE RS LIFE SKILLS CRAFTS CITIZENSHIP SOCIAL COURTESY RECREATION

Many camps produced own newspapers



CCC in Virginia

BY THE END OF 1933 - 46 camps, 9,200 men

First camp- Camp Roosevelt in George Washington National Forest

CCC enrollees reaching camp



FDR visits CCC camp in Virginia August 12, 1933

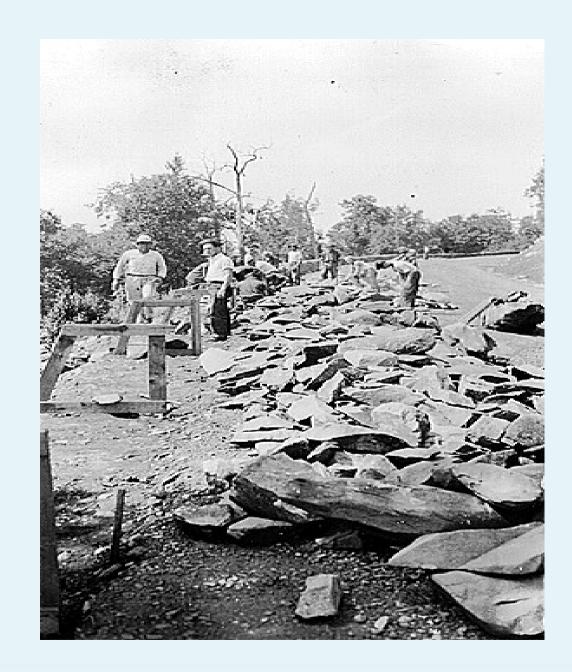


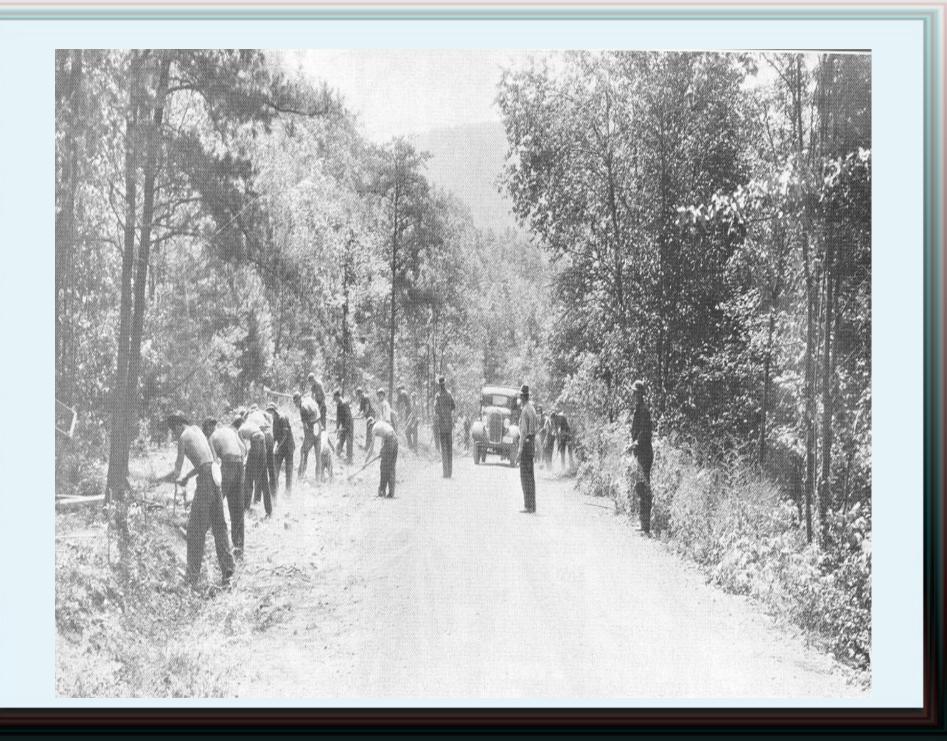
HOME AND WORK

TENT CITY IN SKYLAND PARK

CCC MEN BUILDING SKYLINE DRIVE











Camp building Douthat State Park, Clifton Forge, VA



CCC men Douthat State Park



Appalachia, Virginia

William L. Cross erects a prefab camp workshop building



CCC in Fairfax County

FORT BELVOIR - ARMY 3 VA 2399 C SEGREGATED CAMP FOR AFRICAN-AMERICANS

FORT HUNT- NP 6 2387 "IDEAL CAMP"

Fort Belvoir, Va

Segregated camp starting in 1935 Engaged in reforestation,blazing fire trails, and fire fighting





Used by CCC men when fighting forest fires



- Five gallon back pack
- Used by the CCC

from 1933-1939

Fort Hunt CCC camp

Landscaped George Washington Parkway Transformed Fort Hunt into a park Trained men to make exhibits at a museum laboratory

Royals visit Fort Hunt CCC camp



THE LEGACY

MORE THAN 2.5 MILLION MEN ENROLLED

AVERAGE AGE 18 TO 19 YEARS OLD

TOTAL NUMBER OF CAMPS NATIONWIDE 4,500



THE END OF THE DAY

